

# Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment for Acute Bronchitis

We collect data from providers to measure and improve our members' care. The Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment for Acute Bronchitis is one aspect of care we measure in our quality programs. Quality measures evaluate a prior calendar year performance.

#### **What We Measure**

We capture the percentage of episodes for members ages 3 months and older with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis/bronchiolitis that did not result in the member receiving an antibiotic prescription.

AAB is a Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS®) measure. See the **National Committee for Quality Assurance website** for more details

### Why It Matters

Research on antibiotics and acute bronchitis concludes that antibiotics slightly reduce coughing but may cause side effects and contribute to antibiotic resistance. **At least 30% of antibiotic courses prescribed in an outpatient setting are unnecessary.** Most of this unnecessary use is for acute respiratory conditions, such as colds, bronchitis, sore throats caused by viruses and sinus and ear infections. To learn more, refer to the **Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**.

## **Eligible Population**

Members ages 3 months and older as of the episode are included in this measure.

• Three age groups and a total rate are reported: 3 months-17 years, 18-64 years and 65 and older.

**Exclusions:** Members are excluded who are in hospice or who have a comorbid condition or competing diagnosis, such as another bacterial infection.

## **Tips to Consider**

- Use proper coding.
- Provide handouts, such as these from the CDC, explaining that viruses, not bacteria, cause colds and flu.

- Submit a claim for all diagnoses, including comorbid and differential diagnoses, so members are excluded from the measure, as appropriate.
- Be aware that asthma and diabetes, tobacco use, fever or wheezing are not comorbid conditions or differential diagnosis exclusions for this measure.
- For more on antibiotic use, see the CDC website, which recommends delayed antibiotic prescribing as a strategy.

#### **How to Document**

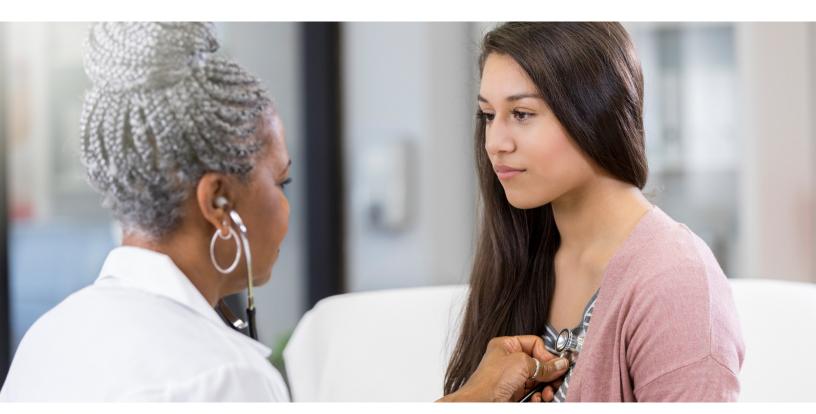
AAB data is collected through claims data only. Hybrid chart review doesn't apply.



#### **Questions?**

Contact your Network Representative.

For more information, see NCQA's HEDIS Measures and Technical Resources.



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